

New Growth & Economic Development

Tuesday, October 21, 2025

Nate Cramer, City Assessor Alex Pratt, OSPCD Director

Proposition 2 ½

- Proposition 2.5 (also known as Proposition 2½) is a Massachusetts state law passed in 1980 that limits the annual property tax revenue a city or town can collect. It is designed to control municipal spending and is structured around two key tax-limiting provisions.
 - **The levy ceiling:** A municipality's total tax levy cannot exceed 2.5% of the total assessed value of all taxable property within that community.
 - **The levy limit:** A municipality cannot increase its total tax levy by more than 2.5% over the previous year's levy limit, plus an additional amount for "new growth".
 - It is a common misconception that Proposition 2.5 limits an individual property owner's tax bill from increasing by more than 2.5%. This is not the case

New Growth

- New growth accounts for the increase in the tax base due to new construction, renovations, new lots, condo conversions and more.
 - To put simply, new growth is made up of new taxable items that did not exist the prior year.

New Growth- Some Examples

- Rebuilding an existing deck to the same size is not new growth. Adding a new deck is new growth
- A three-family converted to 3 new condominium units- each unit is new growth
- When building a detached ADU- only the building is new growth- the land stays the same
- When dividing a lot and building a new dwelling, the land and building are new growth. This may be captured over several years depending on the size of the project
- A new addition to a building is new growth
- When tearing down a building to build a new one, only the difference between the prior value and the new value is growth.
- If a new business opens and brings in all new equipment, it new growth if it doesn't fall below the \$5,000 exemption. If someone purchases an existing business and changes the name, but is using the same equipment that was there, it is not new growth.

New Growth

 New Growth will fluctuate year over year depending on the number of projects.

• Three-year average in Malden is around \$1,300,000

• FY21 New Growth was \$2,049,368, primarily because of the City Hall/JAG project.

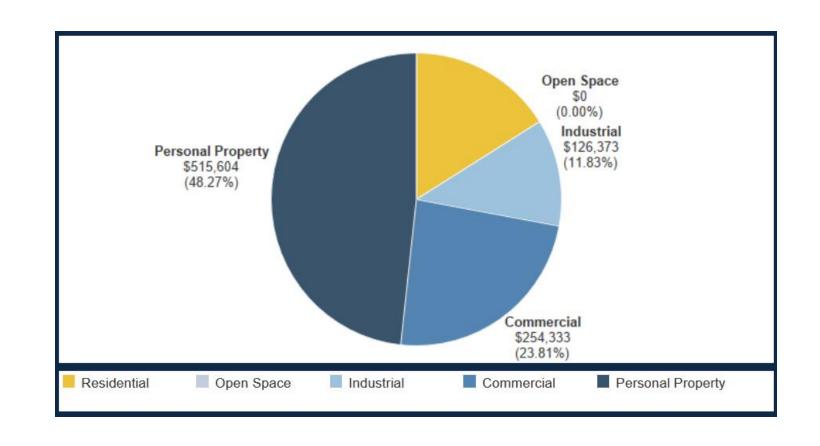
New Growth

Trends

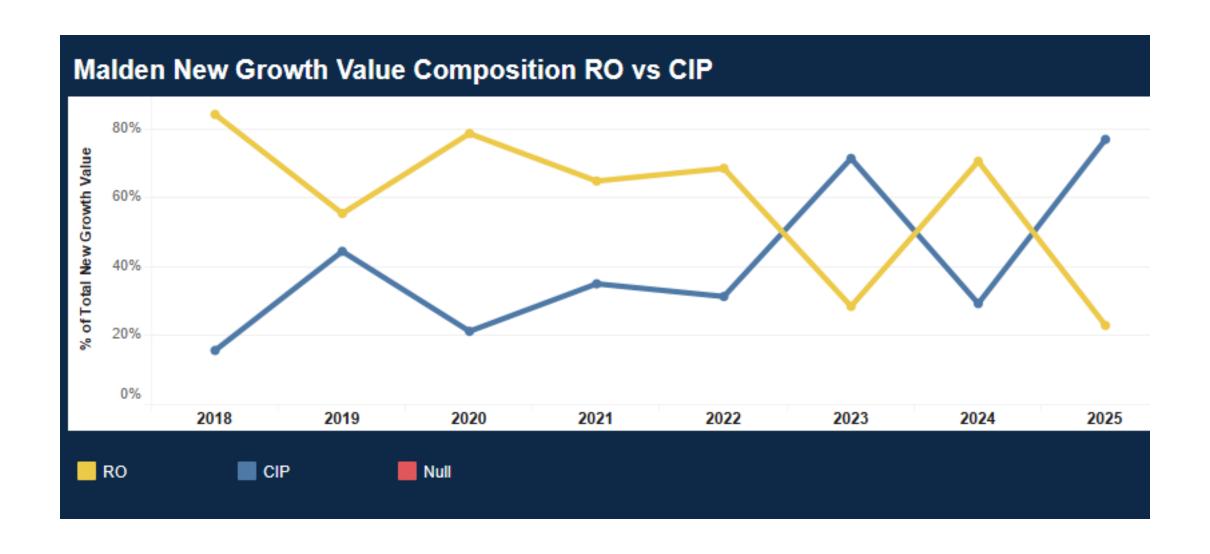
- How it affects levy growth
 - Commercial/Industrial Growth has been down the past few years because that market is struggling. High interest rates have caused a slow down in residential building permits.
- What types of growth have been happening
 - Malden Hospital- not complete yet, but this project is taxable and the biggest project we have seen in a while.
 - National Grid- nearly \$17M in New Growth for FY26 (\$300k in tax dollars)
 - All the little projects add up-dormers, additions, patios, decks.

Malden's New Growth by Class for FY2025

- Residential 16%
- Commercial 24%
- Industrial 12%
- Personal property48%
- Changes year-toyear based on what's happening



Percent of Growth as Residential or Commercial/ Industrial



Note on Market Changes

- Changes in property values do not affect total tax levy (amount City can tax)
- Changes in property values shift the tax burden among different property owners
- Example: when office building values decrease, they pay less in taxes; other property values pay relatively more

Economic Development

- Creating the conditions
 - Zoning and permitting
 - Taxes and incentives
 - Transportation and access workers, customers, shipping
- Economic changes not within our control
 - Be prepared for the upswing
- Implementation to Impact: 5-15 years is typical

Successes

- New Growth:
 - Malden Hospital
 - 735 Broadway (former Town Line Motel)
 - Overlook Ridge
 - 200 Exchange Street
- Reducing commercial vacancies:
 - Old Town Trolley
 - Many small businesses opening in the downtown

Successes

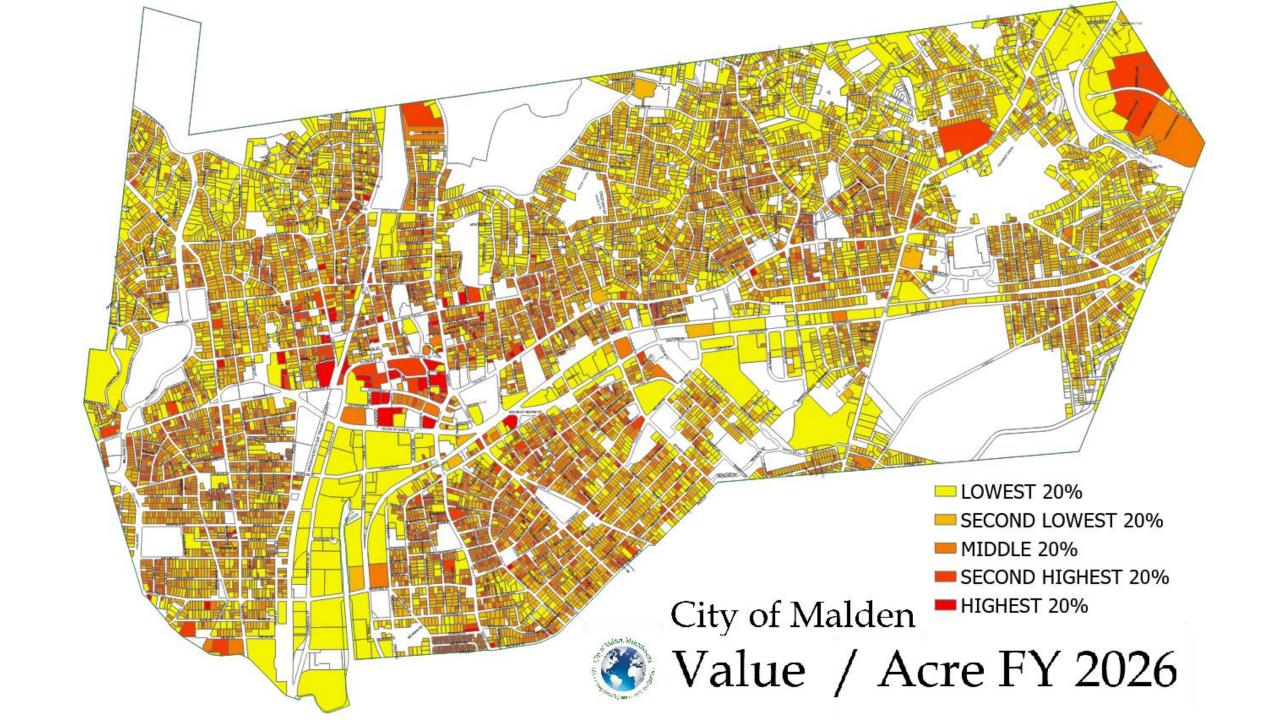
- Upgrades to infrastructure
 - Reconnecting Pleasant Street
 - New Police Station
 - Roadway improvements

New Programs

- Vacant Storefront Tax Credit Program
 - Malden just accepted into this competitive program first time
- Gaming Commission-funded marketing plan Gaming & Gourmet
 - Roughly \$50,000 to attract customers

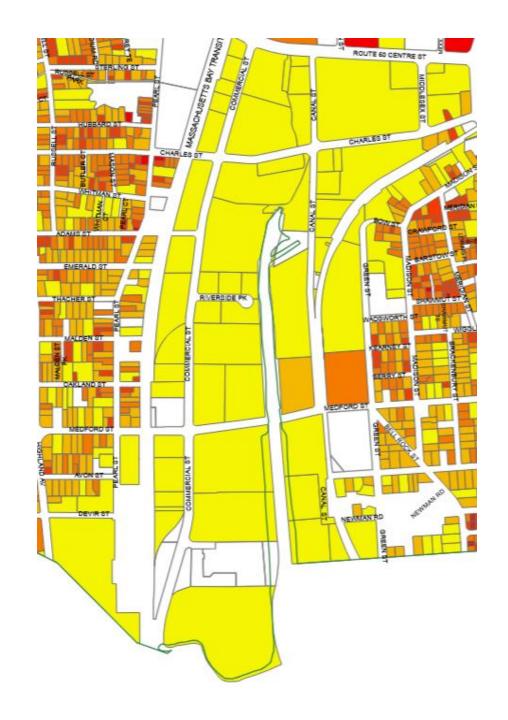
Economic Development

- Where is new growth likely to happen?
- What kind of new growth is possible in this economy?
- What is the impact of new growth on Chapter 70?
- What strengths do we have that make us competitive?
- What could we change to be more competitive?
- What have other communities done that we could learn from?



South of Centre Street

- Commercial Street
- Canal Street
- Charles Street
- Highland Ave



Eastern Ave and Broadway (south)



Broadway (north) and Overlook Ridge



Economic Development

- Where is new growth likely to happen?
- What kind of new growth is possible in this economy?
- What is the impact of new growth on Chapter 70?
- What strengths do we have that make us competitive?
- What could we change to be more competitive?
- What have other communities done that we could learn from?